

in a few days, brought [bred] the mare back. I do not want to get out of this remedy. * * * My father used Frazier's Distemper Remedy * * * I have been dealing in horses and I never saw a case it did not cure, and would advise any and all of my friends to use it. * * * Just a few days ago he took the distemper before I knew that he had been exposed and was running at one nostril and before the night the other nostril. It was then the Good Old Frazier's Distemper Remedy was given a fair trial, and it beat all remedies I ever tried. In three days or less time he was well. * * * Frazier's Distemper Remedy * * * It prevented my horses from having the distemper, when they were running with other horses about dead with it. I will recommend it to any one as a great remedy for the Distemper, Coughs and Colds among horses. * * * Some months ago our Mr. Geo. Moore tried a small size bottle of your Frazier's Distemper Remedy and found the same satisfactory. * * * This unparalleled Success Suggests a Few Facts Which Have Made Such Results Possible Frazier's Distemper Remedy is a remedy of proved merit. It has been used with remarkable success for a quarter of a century. * * * I am well pleased with 'Frazier's' Have given it a thorough trial on poultry with Cholera, hogs with Influenza, mule and a calf with Distemper, and find it a cure for all three of the above diseases. * * * I want to let you know what 'Frazier's' did for my three head of horses with Distemper. One was a three months' old colt. I went to my druggist for a remedy. He said: Try Frazier's; it is guaranteed, and the only one that I can back up. I bought one large bottle. It was no time until they were entirely recovered. I never thought the colt could recover. I keep a bottle constantly on hand. It sure does the work. * * * Frazier's. We find it the best remedy we ever used for Distemper, Coughs and Colds."

On March 19, 1929, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

16927. Misbranding of Antikamnia and codeine tablets. U. S. v. 22 Dozen Packages of Antikamnia and Codeine Tablets. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 23493. I. S. No. 05295. S. No. 1554.)

On March 11, 1929, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 22 dozen packages of Antikamnia and codeine tablets at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Antikamnia Remedy Co., from St. Louis, Mo., November 22, 1928, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Illinois, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that the tablets contained acetanilide (2.88 grains per tablet), caffeine, sodium bicarbonate, and a small amount of codeine.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements regarding the curative or therapeutic effects of the said article appearing in the labeling, (display carton) "For Coughs * * * La Grippe, Rheumatism, etc. * * * For * * * Neuralgia, Women's Aches and Ills, etc. * * * For * * * Neuralgia * * * Rheumatism," (bottom of tin container) "For * * * Neuralgias * * * Menstruation Pains," (envelope) "Useful in * * * Neuralgias * * * etc.," and (circular) "For * * * Neuralgia, Insomnia, LaGrippe * * * Coughs," were false and fraudulent in that the said statements were applied to the article knowingly and in reckless and wanton disregard of their truth or falsity, so as to represent falsely and fraudulently to purchasers thereof, and create in the minds of such purchasers the impression and belief that it contained ingredients or medicinal agents effective as a remedy for the diseases, ailments, and afflictions mentioned therein. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the statement borne on the carton, "Codeine," was false and misleading.

On April 24, 1929, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*